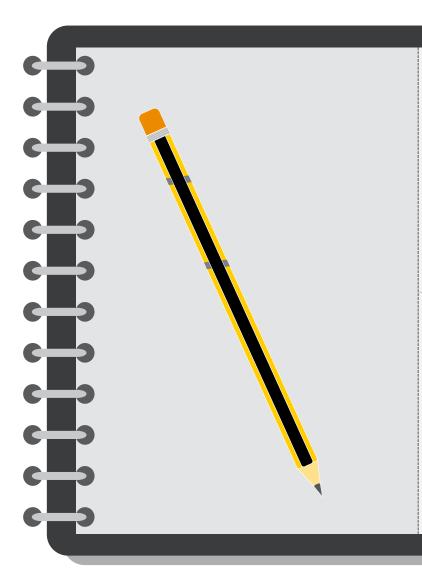
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# Today's Topics



### Replatforming/Refactoring

- Replatforming is moving from one base technical platform to another (e.g. Mainframe to Cloud)
- Refactoring is translating code for improved maintainability, efficiency, or to prepare for further modernization
- There are many strategies for each, including manual recoding, emulation, and the use of automated tools.
- **Automated refactoring** is the newest, most cost effective, and lowest risk approach being used to full refactor and replatform systems today.

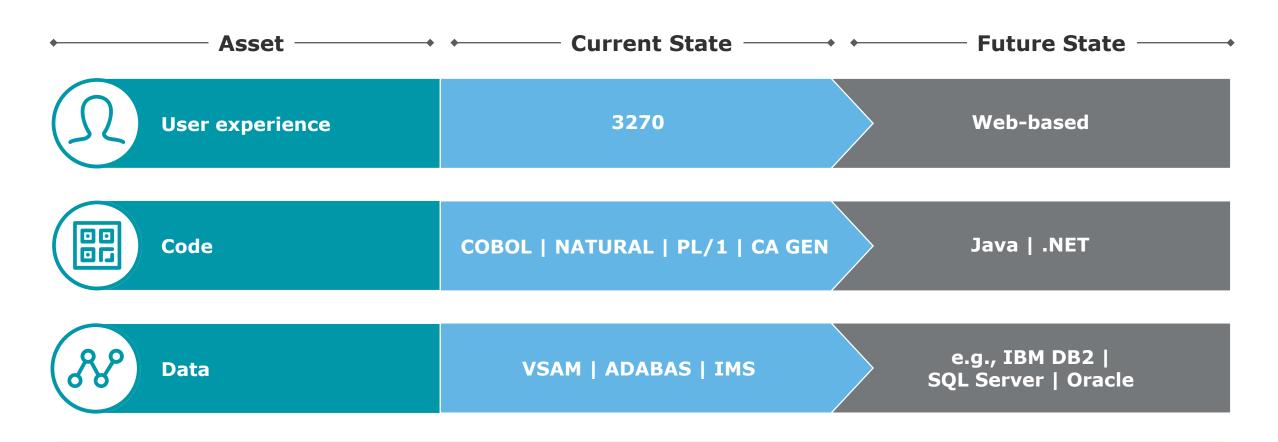
## 2 Low Code/COTS

- **Low Code** refers to building applications by configuring pre-built components, rather than writing custom code
- **COTS** is Commercial Off-the-shelf software, which can be purchased from the marketplace with proven components
- Low Code COTS Platforms like Salesforce and SAP provide complete, enterprise-grade technical platforms used by thousands of organizations around the world, with mature, robust tools for low code Child Support systems development

# **Automated Refactoring**

### Refactoring

Functional equivalence of the migrated system is achieved using code and data conversion tools.



Typically, the automated refactoring projects take 16 to 20 months from start to go-live.

# Why would a state choose the refactoring approach?



#### **Business Drivers**

- Functional equivalence
- Minimum impact to people and operations
- Increase speed of receiving feature changes



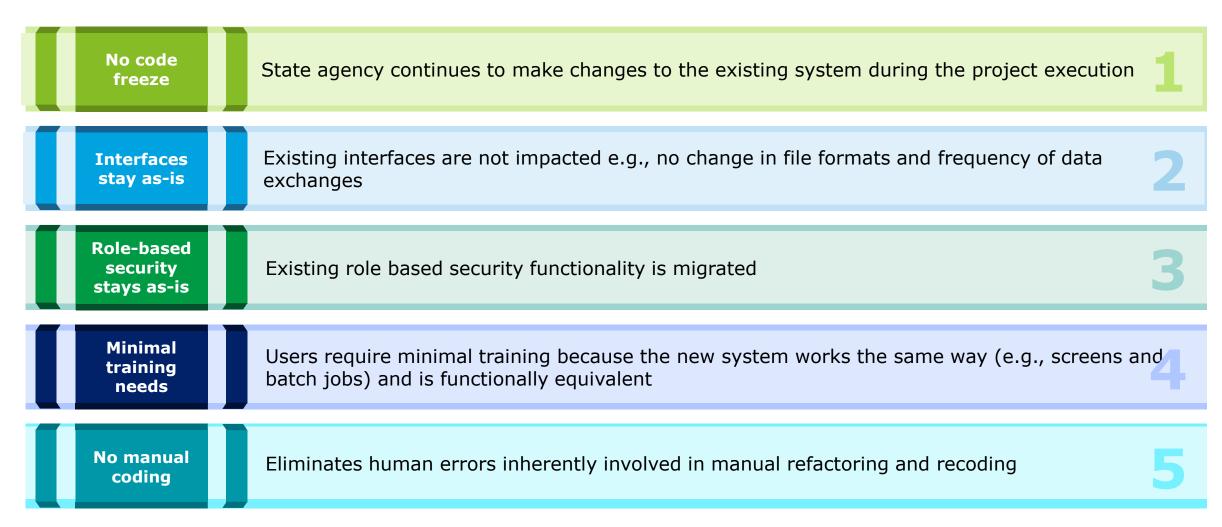
### **Technology Drivers**

- Rising maintenance and platform costs (e.g., mainframe)
- Inability to scale and expand systems
- Brain drain and difficulty finding resources to maintain old systems
- Lack of automation

# Why automated refactoring?



# Benefits of automated refactoring



# What is the output of automated refactoring?





#### **Automated Refactored**



# 5 things to consider in choosing the approach

# **Automated Refactoring**

- 1. Don't rely on manual or partially automated code conversion because it's not one for one
- 2. Engage in conversation with other states that have embarked on a Automated Refactoring based implementation
- 3. Manage end user expectations e.g., look and feel of user interfaces
- 4. Engage users and stakeholders along the way from beginning of the project
- 5. Define a roadmap for modernization and prioritize based on what is most relevant and important for users and stakeholders

## Application Modernization in action: Child Support Services



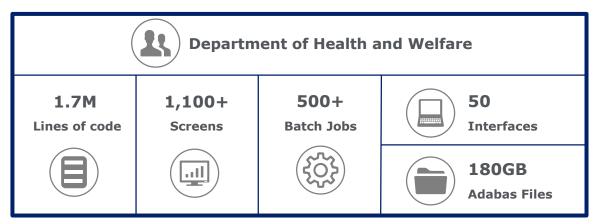
#### **Faster Implementation**

The project was completed in just 18 months—without data loss or code freeze



#### **Retains Look and Functionality**

Refactored application retains the interface and functionality of the legacy system





#### **Ready for the Future**

The department is now set to use flexible tools to take advantage of essential technologies like cloud, mobile, and analytics



#### **Lower Operating Costs**

No need to support the legacy application and mainframe trims costs

1.7 million

Lines of Code Refactored The department now plans to build new applications and capabilities on top of its modern digital foundation

### Application Modernization in action: State Child Support System



#### **Faster Implementation**

Quickly sync with the new modernized system without data loss and business disruption



#### **Minimal Risk**

Reduced risks by using an iterative deployment and minimal change impact to the organization





#### **Incremental Modernization**

1:1 automated transformation to a distributed future state architecture



#### **Costs Savings**

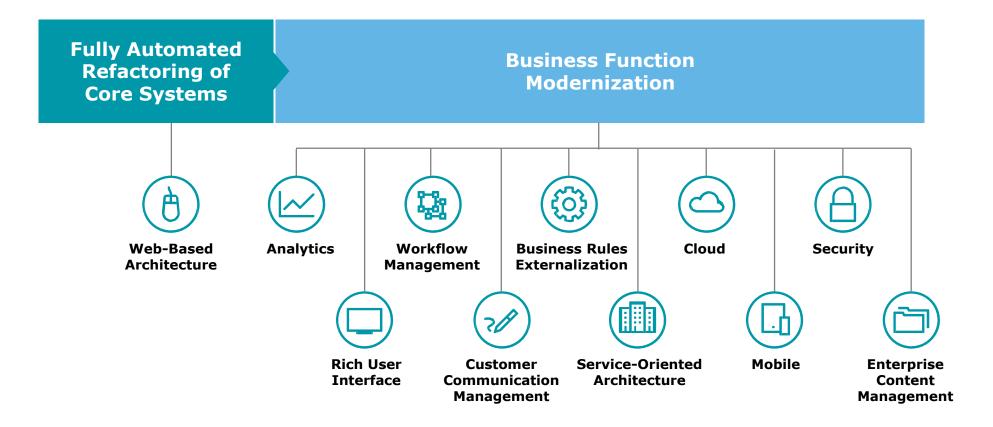
Lower spending on maintenance, development of new services, and regulatory compliance



Our incremental approach enabled the agency to efficiently automate migration of the child support system to a server-based Java platform

## Automated refactoring – The road to modernization

Refactoring enables modernizing business functions and driving innovation into other components of a Child Support system.

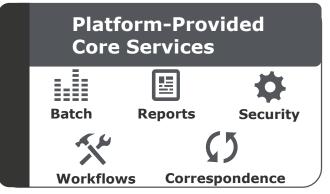


# Low Code/COTS

### What is the Low Code/ COTS approach?







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and Partners

**External** 

**Services** 



#### The Platform

States can subscribe to rich technology platforms that provide a variety of services "out of the box". Examples include Salesforce and SAP



#### Configure, Don't Code

Child Support Services are configured using platform components, greatly minimizing the amount of source code that needs to be created, tested, and maintained.



#### **Digital Native**

The newest platforms take advantage of the latest advancements in cloud and efficient technical architectures, without requiring State IT to manage these components



#### **Responsive User Experience**

Because applications are configuring pre-built UX components, the system is fully responsive to mobile devices and can take advantage of the next generation of interfaces like chatbots, voice assistants, and more



#### **Leverage an Ecosystem**

Low Code COTS Platforms are built to be easily connected to other partners and other tools – so you can build the right technology stack for your organization in a modular but well-integrated way

# Why would a state choose the Low Code/COTS approach?



#### **Business Drivers**

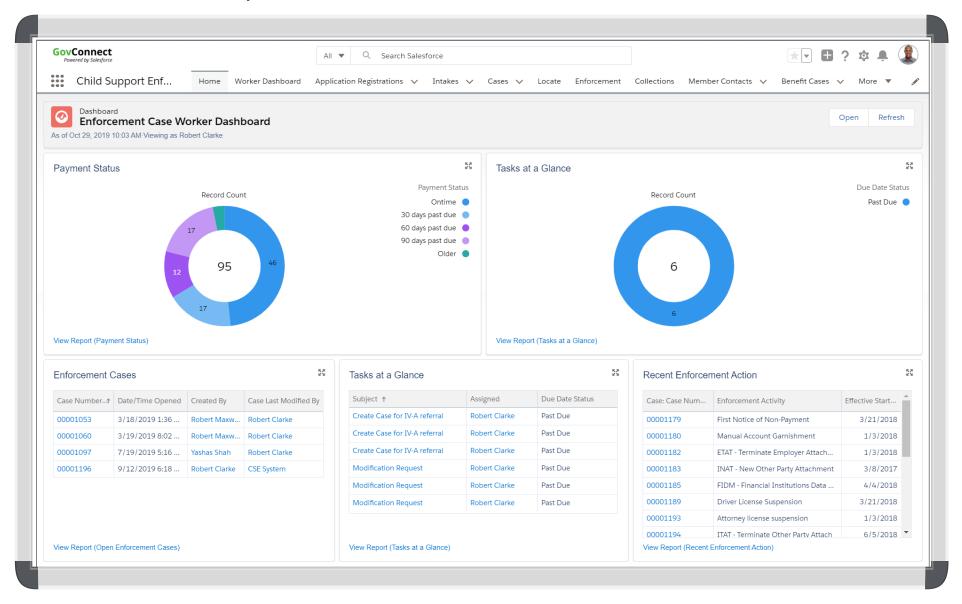
- Modern, friendly user experience for workers and families
- Mobile-Enabled and responsive to all current and future working styles
- Reduce total cost of ownership and increase speed of receiving feature changes



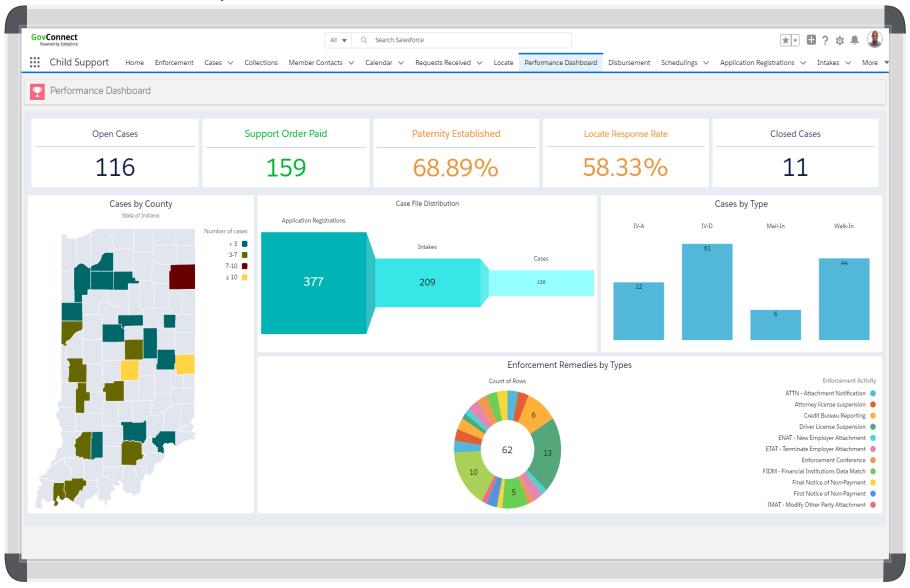
#### **Technology Drivers**

- Platform-provided services don't require coding or maintaining
- Off-load mundane operational activities such as upgrades, application of patches, keeping up with security certifications etc., and focus on serving the customer
- Cloud enabled, highly scalable, highly secure and proven technology platform

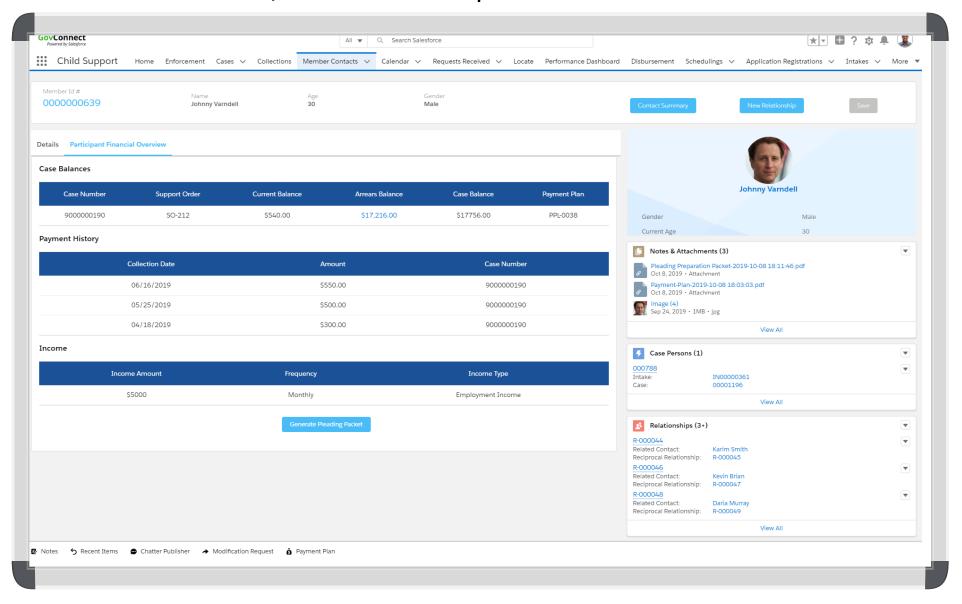
# Screen Shots - Low Code/COTS - Dashboard



# Screen Shots - Low Code/COTS - Performance Dashboard



# Screen Shots – Low Code/COTS – Participant Financial Overview



# Low Code/COTS Guiding Principles



Build a best of breed solution stack



Focus on "No Code/Low Code" configurability – leverage the platform



Design for efficiency, mobility, and high availability





Modular design for future capabilities



**API-driven multi-grained** service architecture



Design for security (FedRAMP Moderate)

# 5 things to consider in choosing the Low Code/COTS approach

### Low Code/COTS

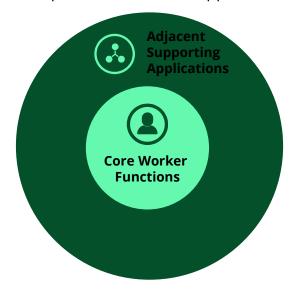


- 1. Engage in conversation with other states that have embarked on a COTS based implementation in child support and other HHS programs.
- 2. Engage in conversation with COTS product vendors and implementors to learn about trends in this space.
- 3. Commit to adapting to leverage the best aspects of a platform
- 4. Analyze total cost of ownership over time, especially relative to other options
- 5. Determine if there are other HHS programs within the state that are embarking on this approach are enterprise efficiencies possible?

Depending on the agency's readiness for modernization, there are different approaches for migrating Child Support systems to a platform, allowing agencies to innovate and transform program service delivery at their own pace to according to their particular business needs.

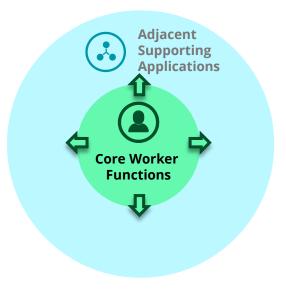
#### **Option 1: Full Application**

Agencies ready to modernize all at once can upgrade both the system of record (i.e. core worker functions such as case establishment and locate services) and the systems of engagement (i.e. adjacent supporting applications such as customer/partner portals, intake, and appeals).



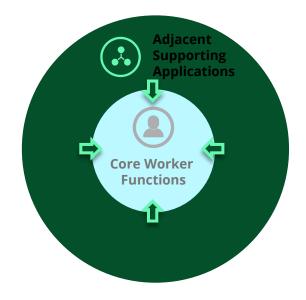
#### **Option 2: Core to Edge**

Agencies desiring an incremental modernization approach, whose business needs prioritize modernizing legacy systems of record, can begin implementation with the core worker functions and over time implement the adjacent supporting applications.



#### **Option 3: Edge to Core**

Agencies desiring an incremental modernization approach, whose business needs prioritize the systems of engagement, can begin implementation with the adjacent supporting applications and over time implement the core worker functions.



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